



GOVERNMENT OF ODISHA

**REPORT ON THE IMPORTANT ACTIVITIES
OF HOME DEPARTMENT FOR THE
YEAR 2016-2017**

HOME DEPARTMENT

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A REPORT ON IMPORTANT ACTIVITIES OF HOME DEPARTMENT: 2016-2017.

INTRODUCTION:

Home Department plays a key role in State Administration as it is the nodal department looking after maintenance of internal security, law and order, public order and prevention and prosecution of criminals. It is the administrative department for Police, Prosecution, Prisons, Fire Service and auxiliary security wings of Home Guard and Civil Defence. This Department has a vital role of coordinating and synergizing the functioning of these wings. It is the nodal Department so far as State Secretariat Service is concerned. The administration of various cadres of the State Secretariat service, like Common Cadre of Assistant Section Officers, Typists, Stenographers, Personal Assistants, Private Secretaries and O.S.S. Officers is assigned to Home Department. It is closely connected with the conduct of elections to Parliament, and State Legislatures. It keeps a close liaison with Defence Services for Civil-Military Co-operation and for setting up of Defence Projects in the State. The responsibility of Home Department is also to properly maintain the protocol and to oversee management of State Guest House at Bhubaneswar, Odisha Bhawan and Odisha Niwas at New-Delhi, Odisha Bhawan at Mumbai and Utkal Bhawan at Kolkata.

CHAPTER-1

1. POLICE ADMINISTRATION

GENERAL LAW AND ORDER SITUATION:

The overall Law and Order situation in the State remained peaceful during the year, 2016.

POLITICAL ACTIVITY:-

During the year 2016, all political parties were busy in organizing workers' conferences, public meetings, mass contact and awareness programmes to garner public support in their favour on various issues by highlighting their achievements. The opposition political parties and their frontal organizations agitated on various local issues. All the political parties including the ruling party have geared up their activities keeping in view of the ensuing Gram Panchayat Election to be held on February, 2017, where police have to pro-active role for the conduct of peaceful Gram Panchayat Election in the State.

COMMUNAL ACTIVITY:-

The State was by and large free from of communal discord as close attention was paid to maintenance of communal peace and amity. Major fairs and festivals of different communities were observed peacefully with religious fervor and gaiety. Only 18 Hindu-Muslim and 3 Hindu-Christian discords were noticed in the State during the year. Instances of communal tension did not escalate into major law and order situation due to pro-active role, constant vigil and timely intervention by the local administration and police. The Car Festival at Puri passed off peacefully during the year.

INDUSTRIAL ACTIVITY:-

During 2016, there were various agitational programmes against industrialization on issues such as protection of tribal rights, land acquisition, rehabilitation, payment of compensation, employment, peripheral development, agriculture, environmental pollution, etc. These agitational activities were handled with lot of patience and care.

LABOUR AND SERVICE ACTIVITY:-

The agitations by Labour and Service organizations did not escalate into any major law and order situation. Employees/workers of some industrial units exhibited their protest demanding enhancement of wages, re-opening of factory, regularization of contractual labourers, payment of arrear dues, etc which were addressed through due process of dialogue and reconciliation. Service related demands, particularly by different Teachers Associations, State Govt. Employees Associations, etc., were addressed sympathetically by the State Government.

STUDENT ACTIVITY:-

There was no State-wide student unrest during the year. The election of Students' Unions held on Oct. 5, 2016 throughout the State ended on a peaceful note, barring a few incidents of pre/post poll violence noticed in some colleges in the State. Few incidents of students' agitations in the State were handled by the local administration and police tactfully.

MISCELLANEOUS ACTIVITY:-

Agitations by different tribal organizations demanding rights of tribals on 'Jal, Jungle and Jamin', distribution of pattas to landless tribals, etc., agitations by different Dalits/ women organizations protesting against alleged increase in crime against Dalits and women, agitations by different voluntary/ women organizations on alleged illicit liquor trade, opening of liquor shops, etc., agitation by different farmer's organizations particularly Naba Nirman Krushak Sangathan demanding price, pension & prestige, agitation by Paschima Odisha Krushak Sangathan Samanwaya Samiti over exemption of agriculture loan, purchase of paddy from farmers, compensation for crop loss & farmer's suicide, agitation by different Bar Associations for setting up Permanent High Court Bench in their respective areas, agitation by "Sundargarh Zilla Adivasi Mulabasi Bachao Manch" on different issues for the cause of tribal's in Rourkela area, agitation by "Arthika Sanstha Manankadwara Khyatigrasta Milita Manch" on the issue of refund of deposited amount to the gullible investors, agitation on the issue of irregularities in preparation of ration cards & distribution under NFS scheme, agitation against Pollavaram Project by Andhra Pradesh and Lower Suktel Dam Project of Bolangir Dist., agitation over Stevedoring work at Paradeep Port, Jagatsinghpur and agitational activities of residents of Belbahali G.P., Keonjhar opposing proposed construction of by-pass Road and new over bridge on river "Kusei" by National Highway Authority of India were handled tactfully with timely intervention of local administration and police.

TERRORIST ACTIVITY:-

During the year, based on an intelligence tip off, police arrested a group of five hardcore SIMI Operatives namely Sk. Mehboob @ Guddu, Amjad Khan @ Dawood, Zakir Hussien @ Sadique, Md. Salique @ Salu and Nazma Bibi (mother of Sk. Mehboob) all of Khandwa, Madhya Pradesh from Qureshi Mahala, Nala Road, Rourkela, Dist.- Sundergarh. STF of Crime Branch investigated the case and submitted the Charge sheet. It is learnt that out of five SIMI terrorists four accused persons namely Sk. Mehboob Khan @ Guddu, Amjad Khan @ Dawood, Zakir Hussien @ Sadique and Md. Salique @ Salu were killed in a Police encounter in Bhopal on 30.10.2016 for jail break.

LEFT WING EXTREMIST SCENARIO

There was a progressive improvement in the overall Left Wing Extremism (LWE) situation in the State in the year 2016 in terms of decline in the intensity of Maoist activities / violence and its popular mass support at the ground level. There have been no underground LWE activity in four districts i.e. Gajapati, Jajpur, Dhenkanal and Sonepur. LWE activity was significantly controlled in Sambalpur, Deogarh, Nabarangpur, Keonjhar, Mayurbhanj, Ganjam and Rourkela and the situation remained challenging in parts of Malkangiri, Koraput, Nuapada, Kalahandi, Kandhamal, Rayagada, , Bolangir, Baragarh, Boudh, Angul and Nayagarh, districts. The recruitment of cadres in CPI (Maoist) Organisation and the mass support base of the outfit, has declined.

68 LWE related incidents were reported in the State in the year 2016 , out of which 33 incidents were exchange of fire between the Security Forces and Maoists and 23 civilians, 3 security personnel lost their lives. In the anti-LWE front, as many as 39 LWE cadres have been neutralised, 35 arrested and 31 surrendered in the state during the year 2016. A large number of villagers including militias, supporters and sympathizers from Kalimela, Podia and Mathili areas of Malkangiri district have distanced themselves from the Maoists, which signals a progressive turn around in the situation. The Government have been focusing on both security and development measures to effectively counter the LWE menace.

2.CRIME SITUATION

Total 1,03,602 cognisable cases including 1,328 Murder, 566 dacoity, 2012 robbery, 4004 burglary, 9,044 theft, 3197 swindling, 1914 rioting, 2144 rape, 10532 MV Accident and 68,861 Misc. cases were reported during the year, 2016.

3. MODERNISATION OF POLICE FORCE :

The state has been allocated Rs.814.59 crore under MPF (Modernization of State Police Forces) Scheme during the period from 2000-01 to 2015-16. Out of this, a sum of Rs.795.87 crore i.e. almost 98% of the allocated amount has already been utilized.

The funds allocated are being spent on improving the mobility of the state Police (procurement of new vehicles including Bullet Proof Vehicles), acquisition of advanced weaponry, improving communication, improving as well as modernization of training facilities (purchase of training equipments including Cyber Crime investigation equipments), acquisition of new techniques/equipments for crime detection like Legal Interception unit, acquisition of advanced equipments for forensic examination, acquisition of modern equipments for bomb detection and disposal and anti-sabotage check, acquisition of modern equipments for police including traffic police

(purchase of night vision devices, modern control room, CCTV based City surveillance system) and construction of non Residential and Residential buildings required by the State Police.

Further, the State has been allocated Rs.28.94 crore under the Scheme of Modernization of Police Force for the year of 2016-17 as per the details below.

SL.No.	Component (Non-Plan)	Action Plan (Rs. in Crores)		
		State Action Plan	Supplementary Action Plan	Total
1	Arms	1.95	0	1.95
2	Equipment for Police	8.7868	5.3613	14.1481
3	Traffic Control equipment	0.164	0.054	0.218
4	Mobility	5.016	2.209	7.225
5	Revamping of intelligence gathering system	0.274	0.52	0.794
6	Upgradation of Training Resources	0.17	0.54	0.71
7	Upgradation of Communication	0.32	0.548	0.868
8	Upgradation of facilities of State CID	0.6793	0.22	0.8993
9	Upgradation of facilities of State FSL	0	0.636	0.636
10	Upgradation of Finger Print Bureau	0	0.99	0.99
11	Modernization of Home Guards Equipment	0	0.5018	0.5018
	Total	17.3601	11.5801	28.9402

4. **ODISHA MODERNISATION OF POLICE FORCE (OMPF)**

A new scheme in the name of "Odisha Modernization of Police force" was initiated on the background of discontinuance of Central Assistance for "National Scheme for Modernization of Police & other Forces" from 2015-16. The new scheme under the state plan is launched in order to compensate the short fall arising out of such restructured devolution of Central Assistance in respect of such scheme. Initially, the duration of the scheme was proposed for five years. The new scheme is targeted to provide and enhance the housing satisfaction for police i.e. mainly construction of residential and non residential building including barracks. The OMPF scheme was started from the Financial Year, 2015-16 with provision of Rs.20.00 Crore in the Supplementary budget, 2015-16. A sum of Rs. 20.00 Crore was also provisioned in the Financial year 2016-17 under the OMPF scheme.

STATE FORENSIC SCIENCE LABORATORY.

The State Forensic Science Laboratory at Rasulgarh, Bhubaneswar has 3(three) Regional Forensic Laboratories at Berhampur, Sambalpur & Balasore and 36 District FSLs. They undertake chemical examination of Physical clues collected from the scene of crime/ victim/ accused/ deceased. The results of chemical examination are furnished in the form of examination reports for aiding in detection of crime and prosecution of offenders. The State FSL has 8 specialised divisions namely Physics, Chemistry, Biology, Serology, DNA, Ballistics, Toxicology and Lie Detection Division. Steps are being taken to setup a new Cyber Forensic Division at State SFSL.

Over the years, the laboratory has been contributing meaningfully by visiting scenes of crime and submitting chemical examination reports to the courts. During the year 2016, 15,762 cases were examined. Considering the importance of forensic science in criminal justice delivery system, the Government of Odisha and the State Police Hdqrs. Cuttack have taken some major steps to improve the infrastructure and the technical facilities of the laboratory in order to dispose off the large number of pending cases of the laboratory and start new disciplines, such as DNA profiling and Cyber Forensics. A modern state of the art, well equipped DNA profiling laboratory was established during the year 2015 and it has started functioning satisfactorily. During this year, 1 Scientific Officer and 32 Laboratory Assistants have joined in various divisions of this organization and 52 Laboratory Attendants were appointed on contractual basis to facilitate the laboratory work across the entire state.

The State Forensic science Laboratory has conducted several training programmes for Police Officers, members of the Judicial Services and Public Prosecutors. The scientists of this organization are frequently visiting Institutions, such as Biju Patnaik State Police Academy, Judicial Academy, etc. to highlight the ever increasing role of scientific crime investigation in prevention, detection and investigation of crimes and administration of justice.

5. STATE CRIME RECORDS BUREAU

State Crime Records Bureau (SCRB) was created on 23.07.1988 vide Home Dept. Resolution No.40464 out of the erstwhile Police Computer Center and Finger Print Bureau to computerize data on Crime and Criminal Records. SCRB is the nodal agency for implementing the Crime and Criminal Tracking Network and System (CCTNS) project in the State of Odisha.

Crime and Criminal Tracking Network & Systems (CCTNS) Project is centrally sponsored Mission Mode Project under the National e-Governance Plan which aims to fully modernize the

Police organizations in the country. CCTNS is intended to ensure that Police maintains all its crime and criminals data through online system and to provide citizen access to police services online and in a hassle free manner.

In Odisha, CCTNS Project will cover 583 Police Stations, 109 SDPO/ACP Offices, 36 SP/DCP Offices, 7 Range offices, 1 Railway Range office, 37 Police Control Rooms, 44 Training Centres, Office of the Commissioner of Police, Crime Branch, EOW, STF, State Intelligence Wing, Operations Wing, State Police Head Quarters and other Higher Police Offices of Odisha.

Under CCTNS Project, Solar energy back up is being provided 176 Police Stations and this system have been installed 160 Police Stations through OREDA, Bhubaneswar.

BSNL is providing network connectivity and it has covered 812 locations including 495 Police Stations through VPNo Broadband, 71 Police Stations with VSAT connectivity, 200 higher offices through VPNo Broadband, 1 higher office through VSAT, 44 training centers through VPNo Broadband and 1 State Data Centre MPLS connectivity of 45 MBPS.

Data Centre infrastructure has been set up at State Data Centre in Odisha Computer Application Centre (OCAC) for hosting the Core Application Software, while installation of Disaster Recovery Centre (DRC) is in progress at National Data Centre, New Delhi.

45 Training centers have been established to provide training to Police Personnel.

Out of 583 Police Stations taken up under CCTNS Project, 567 Police Stations are using the Core Application Software.

6. STATE FINGER PRINT BUREAU.

The State Finger Print Bureau was created on 1st April 1936 with formation of separate State of Odisha.

Finger Print Units have been functioning in 32 Districts since 2002 and since 2008, with 06 AFIS (Automated Finger Print Identification System) Work Stations at SCRB, AFIS (Remote Query Terminal) RQTs have been installed in 34 Police Districts including SsRP, Cuttack and Rourkela and one at CID, CB, Hdqrs., Cuttack.

During this year, Finger Print Slips of 199 Convicts were classified, digitized and verified in AFIS database and main record of FPB.

AFIS database has a record of digitized FP slips of 1, 86, 747 arrestees and convicts and 5232 unidentified Chance Finger Prints.

During this year, Finger Print Slips of 824 Arrestees were digitized, searched and recorded.

Finger Print Slips of 196 Convicts and 4093 Arrestees have been sent to National Crime Records Bureau, New-Delhi for search and record during the year, 2016.

221 Cases (Scene of Crime Chance Print Cases- 211, Government Cases-07 and Private Cases-03) were examined during the year 2016 and opinion furnished.

Training on Finger Print Science has been imparted to 274 Police Officers, Scientific Officers of State FSL and Judiciary Officers.

Finger Print Slips of 16 Unidentified Dead bodies, 2 Convicts and 4 Arrestees of other States have been searched in AFIS database and results communicated to the respective inquiring officers.

ACHIEVEMENTS

In 21 cases, 39 Chance Finger Prints collected from the scene of crime have been successfully identified with 26 criminals and results have been promptly communicated to District Authorities which helped the Investigating Officers in investigation.

In 10 cases (07 Govt. cases & 03 Civil cases), criminals have been successfully identified through Finger Prints which helped in prosecution of the cases.

Finger Print Slips of 196 Arrestees and Convicts have been traced with their conviction particulars / criminal antecedents through Automated Finger Print Identification System (AFIS). Besides, 3 chance finger prints have been identified with criminals through AFIS.

7. HANDWRITING BUREAU

Documents relating to various Crimes such as embezzlement, murder, misappropriation of funds and circulation of fake currency, crime relating to dowry, kidnapping and conspiracy against the State, etc. are examined in the Handwriting Bureau functioning under CID, Crime Branch, Odisha, Cuttack. Besides, documents received directly from various Courts and Departmental authorities are also examined in the Bureau and Expert opinions are furnished. The experts working in the Bureau help the investigating officers, Courts and various Departments in providing proper guide lines in cases where documents are involved. Apart from examining the documents, the experts of the Bureau are also imparting training to P.S.Is., Jail Officials, Police Officers of Biju Patnaik State Police Academy, Officers selected for All India Police Duty Meet, Medical Students and Judicial Officers of different courts.

During the year 2016, 186 Police cases involving 21,123 exhibits have been examined and expert opinions furnished. Besides, 1,794 exhibits in 32 non-Police cases referred by various Judicial Courts and Departmental authorities of Govt. of Odisha have been examined and expert opinions furnished. A sum of Rs. 1,06,860/- has been collected towards the examination fees of these cases and the same has been deposited in the Govt. Treasury.

8. PHOTO BUREAU.

State Photo Bureau, Rasulgarh, Bhubaneswar has prepared 2780 photographs of Finger Prints in 411 cases, 2359 exhibits negative in 144 handwriting cases and 73 photo identity cards of police personnel during 2016. Besides, the officers of Bureau have conducted Videography on 125 occasions during law and order and checked the media personnel and their equipments from security point of view at 5 different places during visit of VIPs.

9. DOG SQUAD

Odisha Police Detective Dog Squad has been functioning under the State CID, CB since 1961. Besides, Dog Squad has also been functioning in 24 districts. The following categories of trained dogs are available (a) Tracking Dogs (b) Sniffer Dogs for detection of explosives (c) Sniffer Dogs for detection of Narcotics (d) Search and Rescue dogs used during natural calamities. During the year 2016, tracker dogs were utilized in 613 cases and clues were furnished in 187 cases. The dogs did commendable jobs in 35 cases, in which, the stolen properties were recovered. Besides, the explosive sniffer dogs were utilized on 1564 occasions during VIP visits, raids, law and order and other extremist situations.

10. SIGNALS

With a view to assist police administration in maintenance of law and order and to curb Naxal activities, 67 numbers of Manpack VHF sets were issued permanently to different Police Personnel of the State during the year. Similarly, 21 numbers of Static VHF Stations and 26 numbers of mobile VHF sets were installed permanently in different P.Ss. mobile vehicles and P.C.R. vehicles in the State. 16 numbers of VHF Stations were installed temporarily for communication in flood affected areas of the state from June to November, 2016. To assist Police Administration in maintenance of law and order during festive occasions, VVIP/ VIP visits etc. 4811 Static/ Mobile VHF sets and 7411 W/T sets were temporarily deployed in a phased manner. During the year, 5 numbers of Data Communication equipment have been newly installed in addition to the existing 30 nos. and 9 nos. of working POLNET stations at different District Headquarters for transaction of Messages.

At present, 153 pigeons are available in 2 pigeon centers i.e. at Central Breeding Loft, Cuttack and PTC, Angul. These pigeons are kept ready for deployment during State Level Functions/ Ceremonial Parade in the State to glorify peace and harmony. The pigeons were released on 26 occasions in the State Level Functions.

11. **POLICE MOTOR TRANSPORT.**

This organization deals with Police vehicles of the whole state with its Hdqrs. at Cuttack, the Range Workshops at Sambalpur and Berhampur, two Regional Workshops at Rourkela and Koraput and 19 Miniature Workshops at different Dists. / Battalion Hdqrs.

During the year 2016, about 44,379 numbers of Major and 1,02,710 numbers of Minor repair works were under taken at P.M.T. Hdqrs., Range Workshops, Regional Workshops and Miniature Workshops at Dists. / Battalion Hdqrs. level.

Altogether 440 numbers of condemned Police Vehicles of different makes have been auctioned during the year 2016 and Rs. 1, 31, 37, 099/- (Rupees One Crore Thirty one Lakhs Thirty Seven Thousand Ninety nine) only has been collected towards sale proceeds of the condemned Police Vehicles and deposited in the Treasury.

12. **HUMAN RIGHTS PROTECTION CELL**

The State HRPC is a Specialized Wing of the State Police. It monitors the investigation of dowry related cases such as dowry homicide, dowry suicide, dowry torture and non-dowry torture, atrocity on SCs/STs and deaths in Police custody. It acts as Nodal Agency for the National Human Rights Commission, Odisha Human Rights Commission, National Commission for women, State Commission for Women, National Commission for SCs, National Commission for STs etc. by submitting relevant statistical information as and when required. Moreover, the petitions relating to atrocity on women and members of SCs and STs are either enquired into or the petition enquiries monitored by State HRPC. Besides, a Family Counseling Centre of Social Advisory Board is attached to State HRPC to render counseling to the victims as well as accused persons in cases of dowry and non-dowry torture with a view to restore conjugal life. During the year 2016, the family counseling centre received 192 complaints on dowry torture, extra marital relations, mal adjustments with in-laws/ husband, personal differences, economic crisis, alcoholism etc. Out of 192 complaints, 94 complaints were disposed of and remaining 98 complaints are under counseling.

During the year 2016, 5866 cases of dowry/non-dowry torture were registered, out of which, 3329 cases have been charge sheeted, 25 ended as Final Report True, 60 cases ended as FRMF/ML, 29 cases ended as False, and 24 cases closed due to different reasons and remaining 2399 cases are under investigation.

During the year 2016, 2477 cases were registered, out of which 716 cases have been charge sheeted, 25 cases ended as FRT, 55 cases ended as FRMF/ML, 262 cases as False, 110 cases closed for other reasons and remaining 1309 cases under investigation.

During the year 2016, the State HRPC took up investigation of 4 cases and all the 4 cases are under investigation.

During 2016, 313 grievance petitions relating to torture on married women demanding dowry, atrocity on SC/ST and other related matters were received in the State HRPC, out of which 130 petitions were disposed of by taking appropriate legal action and remaining 183 petitions are under enquiry by concerned districts S.P.

During 2016, 169 grievance petitions relating to atrocity on S.Cs & S.Ts were received in the State HRPC, out of which 65 petitions were disposed of by taking appropriate legal action and remaining 104 petitions are under enquiry by concerned districts S.P.

During the year 2016, 188 complaints were received from National Human Rights Commission, New Delhi, out of which 175 have been disposed of by taking appropriate action and the remaining 13 are under enquiry by concerned districts S.P. The State HRPC being the Nodal Agency is pursuing with different authorities to expedite action taken reports within the stipulated time fixed by the NHRC.

During the year 2016, 66 complaint petitions were received in the State HRPC, out of which 63 have been disposed off by taking appropriate action and remaining 3 are under enquiry by concerned districts S.P.

During the year 2016, 88 petitions were received from Odisha State Commission for Women, out of which 17 petitions were disposed of and remaining 71 are under enquiry by the district, Ss.P.

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13 COASTAL SECURITY:

The aim and objective of Coastal Security is to check the export/import of illegal arms, contraband articles in sea route, infiltration, unauthorized fishing, entry of antinational elements and to guard against vital installations along the sea coast. After 26/11 Mumbai attack priority on Coastal Security was given by way of sanctioning more numbers of Marine Police Stations on the Indian Coast to strengthen the Coastal Security System.

In Phase-I (2005-2011) 5 Marine Police Stations were sanctioned to be located at Paradeep in Jagatsinghpur district, Balaramgadi in Balasore district, Dhamra in Bhadrak district, Jamboor in Kendrapara district and Arjipalli in Ganjam district and in Phase-II, 13 Marine Police Stations at Talasari and Kashaphala in Balasore district, Kasia and Chudamani in Bhadrak district, Talachua and Tantiapala in Kendrapara district, Bandar and Sandhakuda in Jagatsinghpur district, Astaranga, Arakhakuda, Penthakata and Ramchandi in Puri district and Sonapur in Ganjam district have been sanctioned to be made operational within 2011-2016. All the Marine Police Stations sanctioned in the initial phase have been made functional in their own buildings except Paradeep which is under construction.

In the meantime 13 marine police stations out of the 2nd phase sanction have been made functional with eight marine police stations functioning in its own building and rest are functioning in rented accommodation.

18 Nos. of Marine Police Stations are functioning in the State under Coastal Security Scheme

District	Name of the Police Stations	Accommodation	Logistics support
Phase-I			
Balasore	Balaramgadi	Own Building	Jeep-1, Motorcycle-3 Boat-3
Bhadrak	Dhamra	Own Building	Jeep -1 , Motorcycle-3 Boat-2
Kendrapara	Jamboo	Own Building	Jeep -1 , Motorcycle-3 Boat-2
Jagatsinghpur	Paradeep	Own Building	Jeep -1 , Motorcycle-3 Boat-3
Ganjam	Arjipalli	Rented Building	Jeep -1 , Motorcycle-3 Boat-3
Phase-II			
Balasore	Talasari	Rented Building	Bolero-1, Motor cycle-2
	Kashaphala	Rented Building	Bolero-1, Motor cycle-3
Bhadrak	Kasia	Rented Building	Bolero-1, Motor cycle-3
	Chudamani	Rented Building	Bolero-1, Motor cycle-3
Kendrapara	Talachua	Rented Building	Bolero-1, Motor cycle-2
	Tantiapala	Rented Building	Bolero-1, Motor cycle-2
Jagatsinghpur	Bandar	Own Building	Bolero-1, Motor cycle-2
	Sandhakuda	Rented Building	Bolero-1, Motor cycle-2
Puri	Astaranga,	Own Building	Bolero-1, Motor cycle-2, Boat-1
	Arakhakuda	Rented Building	Bolero-1, Motor cycle-2
	Penthakata	Rented Building	Bolero-1, Motor cycle-3
	Ramchandi (Chandrabhaga)	Rented Building	Bolero-1, Motor cycle-3, Boat-1
Ganjam	Sonapur	Rented Building	Motor cycle-2

14. ODISHA STATE POLICE HOUSING & WELFARE CORPORATION LTD.

During the Financial Year 2015-16 the Corporation posted a turnover of Rs.342.45 crores. Similarly the Corporation aims at a turnover of Rs.360.00 crores during the Financial Year 2016-17. The Corporation has taken up construction of infrastructure for Police, Fire Services in the LWE affected areas across the State. These new projects shall provide amenities for public interface where general public, litigants, destitute are received and their grievance redressed, besides providing security features for the safety of the Police personnel in LWE areas. The Corporation has been entrusted to construct accommodation for BSF and CRPF personnel in highly sensitive areas in the district of Malkangiri, Rayagada, Gajapati and other SRE Districts. Pre-fabricated structure for accommodating CAPF personnel at various locations are entrusted for construction.

The Corporation has taken up 404 Nos. Reception centre-cum-Mahila & Sisu Desk in different P.Ss. across Odisha out of which 368 nos. have been completed and made functional. The Corporation executed majority work(68%) through e-tender. Training institute at Koraput and Burla have been taken up by the Corporation to increase the training capacity of Odisha Police. In the social development sector, the Corporation has taken up Ekalabya Model Residential Schools for Adivasi students at Malkangiri and Nuapada. Construction of Kalinga Model Residential School at 5 locations have been entrusted to the Corporation by the ST & SC Deptt. for execution. The OSPH&WC has taken up various CSR projects cost of rs.70 lakhs (approx).

CHAPTER-II

2. TRAINING AND HUMAN RESOURCES

2.1 TRAINING FOR POLICE PERSONNEL

The following training institutions are functioning for training of Police Officers and Men.

- i. Biju Patnaik State Police Academy, Bhubaneswar.
- ii. Police Training College, Angul.
- iii. Police Training School, Nayagarh.
- iv. Urban Police & Traffic Training Institute, Bhubaneswar.
- v. Odisha Armed Police Training Centre, Jharsuguda.
- vi. S.O.G. Training Centre, Chandaka, Bhubaneswar.
- vii. Police Training Institute, Byree.
- viii. RPTS (Range level Police Training School), Koraput.
- ix. Basic Training Institute, Burla.

2664 numbers of Police and Jail personnel have been imparted training at Biju Pattanaik Police Academy during the year 2016 and 323 trainees are undergoing training in the current year 2017. Similarly in police training college Angul, 669 numbers of police personnel have been imparted training during the year 2016 and 611 trainees have been enrolled for the year 2017. In police training school Nayagarh 385 police personnel from OAPF have undergone training during the year 2016 and 347 numbers of Police personnel from OISF are undergoing training during the year 2017. 45 numbers of OISF personnel have been imparted training at PTI, Byree during the year 2016 and 393 police personnel from OISF, CSI, Dy. Subedar and Sergeant category are undergoing training during the current year 2017.

2.2 TRAINING FOR FIRE SERVICE PERSONNEL

Training makes all the difference in improving the organizational performance and public delivery. In order to augment the extremely limited available training capacity, the Government have recently notified (i) Upgradation of existing OFSTI, Bhubaneswar to Odisha Fire and Disaster Response Academy (OFDRA); (ii) Establishment of Odisha State Watermanship and Lifeguard Institute (OSWLI) at Ramachandi, Puri and (iii) Establishment of Odisha Fire and Disaster Response Institute (OFDRI) at Naraj, Cuttack. Accordingly, two training institutes i.e. OFDRI at Naraj, Cuttack and OSWLI at Ramchandi, Puri have been made functional by way of re-deployment from the existing strength. Government have been moved for creation of 139 posts of different categories for these three training institutes.

2.3 TRAINING OF JAIL STAFF:

- The 47th Batch Basic Training Course for 78 nos. of warders recruited during the year 2012 has already started from 12.09.2016 at Odisha Jail Training School, Berhampur.
- 93 nos. of convict prisoners of Circle Jail, Berhampur, Choudwar and Biju Patnaik Open Air Ashram, Jamujhari have been imparted Skill Development Training Programme on the trade Mason, Plumber and Cook.

2.4 THE ODISHA SECRETARIAT TRAINING INSTITUTE, BHUBANESWAR:

The Secretariat Training Institute, Bhubaneswar has been functioning in the State since 1960 for imparting in-service training to the Assistants working in different Departments of Government with a view to increase their efficiency in official work at the Secretariat level. The duration of the training is 4 (four) months and the training is compulsory. No Assistant Section Officer can be promoted to the higher Grade unless he has passed the Secretariat Training examination. In case where a Assistant Section Officer has been directly recruited, having been selected from other Cadre, he shall have also attend the training course and he is liable to pass the Secretariat Training Examination within 4(four) clear chances, failing which he is liable for reversion. Due to non-recruitment of Assistant Section Officer in the Secretariat, the Secretariat Training Institute could not impart any training for the last 7 years and most of the staff of this Institute have been deployed in Home Department. Recently Government in Home Department have decided to start the training class of 10 weeks duration for newly appointed Assistant Section Officer in Odisha Secretariat Training Institute, Bhubaneswar as early as possible probably during 3rd week of January,2017.

2.5 THE ODISHA SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING INSTITUTE BHUBANESWAR :

This is a training Institute functioning under the control of Home Department since 1963. The main aim and objective of the Institute is to impart training on Shorthand and Typewriting in English for the unemployed S.C. & S.T. graduates in order to build up them as qualified Stenographer to cater to the needs of Government as well as non-Government sectors. The Private Secretaries, Personal Assistants, Stenographers, Clerks and Typists of the Departments of Odisha Secretariat and other State and Central Government offices are also trained in the Institute in Odia Shorthand & Typewriting in computer(Leap Office). The Institute also renders relevant technical assistance as and when required

to different offices/ agencies of State/ Central Governments for selection of candidates for employment/ promotion in their offices.

In the year 2015-16, 65 State Government employees such as Clerks and Typists have been given training in Odia typewriting in computer (Leap Office).

Recruitment

Recruitment of 792 posts of SI/Deputy Subedar/Sergeant is complete and appointment order issued. 810 ASOs and 42 Jr. Stenographers have been recruited. Special recruitment of 140 SC/ST ASOs have been completed. 1370 OISF personnel have been recruited and now under training. 17 Jr. Correctional Officers recruited and posted. 26 numbers of Scientific Officers and 42 Laboratory Asst. for F.S.S. laboratory have been recruited. 934 posts of Fireman and 108 posts of Fireman Driver recruited. 48 Station officers have been filled up through direct recruitment. 13 OPS officers have been recruited and now under training. 13 no of candidates recruited under RA Scheme in Home Department.

CHAPTER-III

3. PRISONS ORGANISATION:

3.1 Budget Allocation for 2016-17: TRS 178,11,27

Non Plan	State Plan	Total
TRS 148,05,27	TRS 30,06,00	TRS 178,11,27

3.2 Improving the Security of Prisons:

- Tender process for procurement of Chapati making machine in 5 Jails for the year 2016-17 is in the final stage.

3.3 Health Care of the Prisoners:

- The work like "Construction of Additional wards" in Jails for better living condition of the prisoners." Improvement of Water supply & Sanitation facilities" indifferent jails have been taken up.
- The Tender call notice No. 24971 dated 17.10.2016 for procurement of CCTV system is remaining 40 Jails under D.G.S. &D. rate contract has already floated.

3.4 Construction of Open Air Jail:

- Construction of Open Air Jail at Jujumura in Sambalpur District is in progress. Funds to the tune of Rs. 4.16 93 Crore have already been placed with O.S.P.H. & W.C. for the purpose.
- Funds have been provided for construction of new District Jail at Bangora, Puri.

3.5 New Model Convict Jails:

Construction of 02 New Model Convict Jails with capacity of 500 each in Sundargarh and Athagarh has been taken up and funds have been provided for its completion.

3.6 Shifting of Jail:

For construction and shifting of Special Sub-Jails at Boudh, Bhanjanagar and Bhadrak, funds have been placed with O.S.P.H. & W.C. Ltd. Bhubaneswar for its completion.

3.7 Welfare Activities:

The different NGOs as mentioned below have organized their programs in different jails –

- Avirbhav-** Conducting the programme to give financial and moral support to the family members of prisoners (particularly convict prisoners) in field of medical treatment and for

maintenance of livelihood and rehabilitation and reintegration of the released convict. Financial support to the probationers released under section 4(1) and (3) of PO Act.

ii) **National Prison Ministry India-**

The NGOs carry out welfare programmes including singing devotional/patriotic songs, moral teachings Quiz, Awareness programmes on health, Education etc.

iii) **Ambika foundation-**

Organized a programme on Bhagabat Gita and Yoga Session to the inmates and distributed the Bhagabat Gita to the prisoners in Khordha Jail.

iv) **Eben Ezar Educational and Charitable Trust-**

Conducted a magic show and counseling programme through video to the prisoners in different jails in District wise.

v) **International Society for Krishna Consciousness (IKKCON)-**

Organized a spiritual programme Hirkata, Kirtan by Senior Devotees of ISKCON, Bhubaneswar in Circle Jail Cuttack at Choudwar.

vi) **Prajapita Brahma Kumari Iswariya Viswa Vidyalaya** also conducts spiritual programme in Jails for the prisoners.

CHAPTER – IV

4.1 FIRE SERVICE ORGANISATION:

The Odisha Fire Service is a public utility service rendering valuable service by protecting the lives and properties of the public from hazards as well as natural calamities. At present there are 299 Nos of Fire Station functioning in the State. Besides, as per orders of Government 3 new Fire Stations at 3 Medical Colleges i.e. SCB Medical College, Cuttack, VIMSAR, Burla and MKCG, Berhampur have been made functional during the current year to meet any eventualities inside the medical campus.

During the year 2016-17 (from April-16 to Sept,16) as many as 8866 Nos. of Fire Calls & 7936 Nos. of Special Service calls have been successfully attended to in which 36 Nos of human lives, 130 Nos of cattle lives and properties worth of Rs.139,69,86,000/- have been saved. So far Revenue amounting to Rs.56,63,400/- has been collected and deposited in the Government account during the year 2016-17 up to Oct,16. Five Fire Service personnel have been awarded with Fire Service medals for meritorious service on 15th August,2016 & 4 Fire Service personnel have been declared to be awarded with Fire Service Medals for distinguished service Meritorious Service on the occasion of Republic Day,2017 for their good performance.

Similarly, during the year 2016-17, 9 new Fire Stations have been made functional and steps are being taken to open 36 Fire Stations more to provide better service to the public. Steps have been taken to fill-up the vacancies in different ranks in Odisha Fire Service organization during the year 2016-2017.

The total sanctioned strength of all ranks in the Fire Service organization is 5646 and the present strength is 5181 with 465 vacancies. During the current year 6 posts of Deputy Fire Officer and 104 posts of Station Officer have been filled up by way of promotion. Besides, 71 posts of Station Officer will be filled up soon after completion of recruitment process by the OSSC, Bhubaneswar.

In addition to fire fighting and fire prevention duties, the Fire Service is the 1st Responder in all types of natural and manmade disasters, calamities, accidents etc. whereas the ODRAF and the NDRF etc. are 2nd and 3rd Responders respectively. In the past disasters, Fire Service personnel have done commendable jobs at 1st responders & proved their efficiency.

CHAPTER – V

5.1 CIVIL DEFENCE ORGANISATION:

The Civil Defence Organisation is functioning in the country with the enactment of Civil Defence, Act, 1968. It was playing a vital role during war emergencies. The mandate of Civil Defence has been changed from being an organization that only prepares citizens to face hostile enemy attack to include preparing citizens in responding to disasters, both Natural and manmade. While retaining its primary role and character, the Civil Defence Act has been amended suitably to include “Disaster Management” as an additional role of Civil Defence Corps. Accordingly Revamping of Civil Defence scheme has been taken up in the State.

Under the scheme Balasore, Bhadrak, Kendrapara, Dhenkanal and Jagatsinghpur were declared as Multi Hazard Prone Districts. Further Ganjam and Puri Districts have been declared as the Most Vulnerable Districts, under a new scheme, declared by Government of India, as “Mainstreaming Civil Defence in Disaster Risk Reduction”. Thus Civil Defence activities are now extended to eleven districts and now working in disaster preparedness and response activities. Civil Defence awareness programmes and combined Civil Defence training activities are being conducted taking the community people as the Civil Defence Community Volunteers. Civil Defence is now educating and sensitizing people of different walks of life on disaster related life saving skills and disaster response through training and demonstrations in Educational Institutional. As such the contribution of Civil Defence towards disaster management initiatives of the State including community capacity building is quite encouraging.

For outstanding contribution in State Disaster Management programme, Civil Defence Organization was awarded on the occasion of State Disaster Preparedness Day-2016 by the Hon'ble Chief Minister of Odisha. Three Civil Defence Volunteers have also been honored with the President's Medal for Meritorious Services to the society through this Organization.

CHAPTER- VI

6.1 HOME GUARDS ORGANISATION:

The Odisha Home Guards Organisation was created on 11.11.1961. Since then the volunteers of Home Guards Organisation have been rendering valuable service as an auxiliary to State Police as well as Fire Service and providing "Niskama Seva" to the society and general public. The Organisation is governed as per guidelines in the Compendium of Instructions for Home Guards published by the Ministry of Home Affairs, Government of India, New Delhi and provisions of the Odisha Home Guards Act and Rules 1961-1962.

The sanctioned strength of Home Guards volunteer is 17,675, out of which 100 Home Guards have been designated as life-guards for beach in Puri. Considering the genuine demands of Home Guards, the State Government have enhanced the DCA from Rs.220/- to Rs.240/- per day.

For better supervisions and effective working of Home Guards work at district levels 5 light vehicles and 6 Motor Cycles have been purchased during the year 2015-16.

Sri Dillip Kumar Biswal, Home Guard of Jharsuguda district Home Guards Organisation has been awarded with the President's Home Guards and Civil Defence Medal on the occasion of Independence Day-2015. Smt. Chandramani Pattanaik WHG of Cuttack City Home Guards Organisation and Sri Bibhuti Bhusam Panda, Home Guard of Kandhamal district Home Guards Organisation have been selected for the Award of President's Home Guards and Civil Defence Medal on the occasion of Independence Day-2016.

Home Guards Volunteers assist the police in many ways by acting as force multipliers.

CHAPTER – VII

7.1 JUDICIARY:

i. Implementation of e-Procurement: Orissa High Court has been enrolled in the State e-Procurement Portal www.tenders.gov.in for different tenders floated by Orissa High Court as per the directive of e-Committee, Supreme Court of India, New Delhi. So far, the tenders for Scanning & Digitization of Court Records, Supply, Testing, Installation and Maintenance of Hardware (Desktop Computers) at District and Sub-ordinate Courts across the State of Odisha through empanelment of Vendors under e-Courts Project and Testing, Installation and Maintenance of LAN at District and Sub-ordinate Courts across the State of Odisha through empanelment of Vendors under e-Courts Project have already been published in the State e-Procurement Portal.

ii. Digitization of Case Records: As per the decision of the Court, all the case records of the Court are to be digitized and stored in digital form. Tender process is going on for selection of firms for undertaking the job of digitization of case records of the Court.

iii. e-Filing in Orissa High Court: e-Filing system is going to be implemented in Orissa High Court.

iv. CIS Application Software: CIS application software has been implemented in Orissa High Court. Filing of application/receipts/documents is being made through CIS. Advocates database has been prepared in CIS for communication of information on filing and listing of Cases to advocates through SMS. Periodic training is being given to concerned staff on CIS.

v. Orissa High Court Website: Apart from Judges' information, notices, information related to case status, daily orders, Judgment are being uploaded regularly. Weekly cause list and supplementary cause list are being uploaded in Orissa High Court website for accession by lawyers and litigants. Information related to new case files, copying applications, defective cases, pending of High Court cases are made available in website of Orissa High Court.

vi. Automation of Record Room: Automation of record room, copying section and decree and disposal section has been done. Automation of Judges' Library in Orissa High Court has been done by adopting KOHA software.

vii. Automation of Copying Section: MIS to automate filing of applications by litigants and Advocates for issue of certified copies was developed and implemented. The application software covers filing of applications, scrutiny, calculation and entry of Court fees, notification to the applicants, delivery of certified copies and preparation of day and registers and other management reports.

viii. Automation of Judges' Library: Automation of Judges' Library in Orissa High Court has been done by adopting KOHA software along with e Granthalaya.

ix. Upgradation of LAN Facility: Upgradation of LAN facility through VLAN system in OHC. Mo completed. Nearly 200 LAN nodes have been made operational in the existing LAN system of the High Court Building..

x. Personnel Information System: Software application to manage the personal and service details. Ph all the Judicial Officers of the State is under progress.

xi. Digital Display Board: All the Court rooms have been quipped with electronic Digital Case Information Display Boards which displays the cases during the Court work so that advocates and litigants can watch the same. A website for Display of Cases www.ohcdb.in has been made functional. Nat and a link to this website has also been provided in the Orissa High Court website www.orissahighcourt.nic.in The facilities of Digital Case Information Display Boards have been extended to Central Administrative Tribunal & State Administrative Tribunal from the High Court.

xii. SMS facility: SMS on filing of fresh cases and listing of cases for hearing are being sent to litigants and Advocates by using NIC SMS gateway.

xiii. Implementation of Rooftop Solar PV System in the High Court of Orissa: 10 KW off grid Photovoltaic Solar Panel system has been implemented in the roof top of Old High Court Building for security Lights and Garden Lights as well as in the new High Court Building and 20 KW on grid Photo Voltaic Solar Panel has been implemented in the roof top of New High Court Building.

15 KW on grid Photo Voltaic Solar System on roof top of the Old High Court Building is under Progress.

7.2 E-COURTS PROJECT

1. Upgradation of UBUNTU 12.04 to UBUNTU 14.04: As per the directive of the e-Committee with Supreme Court of India, New Delhi the laptops supplied with the Judicial Officers of the State were pre-loaded with UBUNTU 12.04 Operating System. This year, the Operating System UBUNTU 12.04 in the laptops of the Judicial Officers has been upgraded to UBUNTU 14.04.

2. Training to Judicial Officers: All Judicial Officers of the State have been given training on UBUNTU 14.04. OS by CIS-cum-UBUNTU Master Trainers.

3. Implementation of CIS NC 2.0 in District & Subordinate Courts: Case Information System (CIS) Software NC 2.0 has been implemented in the District and Subordinate Courts covered under e-Courts Project. Different Citizen Centric services such as (i) Filing of Cases, (ii) Issue of check slips in case of non-compliance or clerical error (iii) Registration of Case, (iv) Filing of applications for issue of witness summons, (v) Online generation of daily orders on LAN for non-const cases etc. have been provided to litigants and lawyers through SMS by this CIS NC 2.0 software.

stem in OHC is 4. **Monitoring of e-Court related activities of District and Subordinate Courts:** District Court system of the old Computer Committees have been formed in all the District Courts for monitoring the different e-Court related activities at District & Subordinate Courts.

service details of 5. **Phase-II of e-Courts Projects:** Phase-II of the e-Courts Project has been undertaken by Hon'ble e-Committee, Supreme Court of India, New Delhi. 122 court complexes of the State have been proposed to be covered under e-Courts Project in which the courts in the said court complex will be made functional. 6. **National Judicial Data Grid:** National Judicial Data Grid (NJDG) Portal has been open for public Court website access w.e.f. 19.09.2015. Undated cases in district & subordinate court are being uploaded in the NJDG Portal regularly.

made functional 6. **National Judicial Data Grid:** National Judicial Data Grid (NJDG) Portal has been open for public Court website access w.e.f. 19.09.2015. Undated cases in district & subordinate court are being uploaded in the NJDG Portal regularly.

High Court. 7. **Website of the District Courts:** All the District Courts have created their own website in Drupal being sent to the Template. Various information, circulars, notices, recruitment information and daily orders & judgments as well are being uploaded regularly in the websites of district courts.

10 KW off grid 8. **Video Conference facility:** Video Conference equipments have been installed in 22 Courts and Court Building for corresponding prisons. Implementation of VC facility 43 Courts and 42 corresponding jails is going 20 KW on grid on.

ilding. 9. **Broadband Connectivity:** Broadband Connectivity has been provided to the residential offices of Court Building in almost all the Judicial Officers of the State.

10. **Implementation of Rooftop Solar PV System in Sub-Ordinate Courts:** Solar System is going to be implemented in the judgeship of Koraput and Malkangiri under eCourts Project in coordination with e-Committee, Supreme Court of India and State Government.

of the State was **7.3 STEPS TAKEN FOR REDUCTION OF PENDENCY**

UBUNTU 12.04 1. **ESTABLISHMENT OF ARREAR COMMITTEE**

Arrear Committee have been established during the year, 2015 for reduction of pendency of cases for more than 5 years in the High Court. The meeting of the Arrear Committee was held on 29.01.2016, 18.03.2016, 05.04.2016 and 09.08.2016 during the year 2016 and various steps have been taken for reduction of pendency.

Courts covered 2. **INFRASTRUCTURAL DEVELOPMENT**

es, (ii) Issue of In the year 2015-16, there was a budgetary provision of Rs.58,20,00,000/- made by the Home Department for infrastructural development of the Judiciary, which includes major projects like construction of new District Court Buildings, construction of bungalows for Hon'ble Judges, Judicial Officers and staff etc. A budgetary provision of Rs.100 Crore has also been made during the current financial year 2016-17 for the purpose.

LIST OF NEW COURTS ESTABLISHED DURING THE YEAR 2015**A. FAMILY COURTS**

1. Baragarh
2. Angul
3. Rayagada
4. Bhadrak

B. COURTS OF ADDL. DISTRICT & SESSIONS JUDGE

1. Umerkote
2. Kantabanji
3. Baliguda

C. CIVIL JUDGE (SR. DIVISION)-CUM-ASST.SSESSIONS JUDGE(WOMEN'S COURT)

1. Jagatsinghpur
2. Dhenkanal
3. Nabarangpur
4. Malkanagiri
5. Nuapada
6. Nayagarh
7. Khurda
8. Boudh
9. Jharsuguda
10. Sundargarh
11. Kalahandi
12. Keonjhar

D. COURT OF CIVIL JUDGE-CUM-J.M.F.C.

1. Talcher
2. Patamundai(Addl. Court)
3. Balasore(2nd Addl. Court)
4. Cuttack(2nd Addl. Court)
5. Junagarh
6. Kakatpur
7. Nandapur
8. Tarava
9. Kabisuryanagar

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LIST OF COURTS MADE FUNCTIONAL DURING THE YEAR, 2016

Sl.No	Name of the Court	Date of Functioning
1.	Addl. District & Session Judge, Kantabanji	06.08.2016
2.	Addl. District & Session Judge, Nimapara	09.08.2016
3.	Addl. Special Judge (Vig), Cuttack (2 nd Court)	26.08.2016
4.	Designated Court under O.P.I.D. Act, 2011 at Sambalpur	26.08.2016
5.	Judge, Family Court, Bhadrak	03.09.2016
6.	Special Judge(Vig), Sundargarh	10.09.2016
7.	Judge, Family Court, Baragarh	14.09.2016
8.	Judge, Family Court, Nayagarh	17.09.2016
9.	Addl. District & Session Judge, Karanjia	24.09.2016
10.	Addl. District & Session Judge, Nuapada	01.10.2016
11.	Judge, Family Court, Nabarangpur	22.10.2016
12.	Civil Judge(Jr. Divn)-cum-JMFC, seragada	19.11.2016
13.	Civil Judge(Sr. Divn), Salipur	24.11.2016
14.	Civil Judge (Sr. Divn), Basudevpur	10.12.2016

7.4 ODISHA JUDICIAL ACADEMY:

- As per the Scheduled training programme for the year 2015-16, 31 nos. of refresher and institutional training has been conducted and 793 participants have been trained from April 2015 to March 2016 including Judicial Officers, Judicial Staff of the higher Judiciary and subordinate judiciary.
- Lawyer's Day was celebrated with the unveiling of statue of Utkal Gourab Madhusudan Das in the presence of Registry of the Hgh Court of Orissa.
- Joint session of District Judges & Court Managers was addressed by Hon'ble Mr. Justice D.H. Waghela, Chief Justice of Orissa High Court.
- One day workshop on PCPNDT Act was organized in collaboration with Directorate of Family Welfare, Government of Odisha.
- Five batches of judicial officers and newly recruited System Officers and System Assistants have been trained under UBUNTU OS training under direction of C.P.C., Hon'ble High Court of Orissa.
- Regional Conference on "Mediation" was organized by the Odisha State Legal Services Authority in collaboration with Odisha Judicial Academy from 31st October to 1st November 2015.
- One day referral Judges' Training Programme on Mediation was held at OJA on 28.11.2015 attended by referral Judges and Mediators of the districts of Kendrapara, Jagatsinghpur, Angul, Dhenkanal & Cuttack.
- National Seminar on "Sentencing & Appreciation of Electronic Evidence" was held in the Academy on 13th & 14th February 2016. The Seminar was inaugurated by Hon'ble Mr. Justice Dipak Misra, Judge, Supreme Court of India. The Seminar was attended by 80 Judicial officers of different cadre from 20 different states and 49 Judicial officers of Odisha.
- Passing out ceremony of 22 Judicial officers of 2013 batch was held in the Academy on 31.01.2016. Hon'ble Mr. Justice D.H. Waghela, Chief Justice of Orissa High Court and Patron-in-Chief, Odisha Judicial Academy graced the occasion as Chief Guest.
- Interaction programme with Hon'ble Mr. Justice Mohan Pieris, Former Chief Justice of Sri Lanka & Attorney General (Rtd) on the topic "Judicial Conduct, Ethics & Skill" was held in the Academy on 13.03.2016. The programme was presided by Hon'ble Mr. Justice Indrajit Mahanty, Judge, High Court of Orissa and Chairperson, Odisha Judicial Academy and Training Committee.

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CHAPTER-VIII

8.1 ELECTION:

Revision of Electoral Roll :

As per instruction of Election Commission of India Special Summary Revision of Electoral Rolls, 2017 with reference to 01.01.2017 as qualifying date has communicated for 15.09.2016 with publication of Draft Electoral Rolls, 2017. The programme is going on and the final publication of Electoral Roll had been done on 16.01.2017.

In addition to the above Election Commission of India has launched an ambitious programme "National Electoral Roll Purification (NERP-2016) with effect from 01.04.2016 with the objective of preparation hundred purified electoral rolls with the deletion of repeated / dead / shifted electors from the rolls, correction of electors' data in the rolls and EPICs and hundred percent enrolment of eligible citizen in the roll. .

Election :-

As per instruction of Election Commission of India, stock taking of EVMs kept in different district of Odisha were taken up through mobile App.

In this process stock taking of 1093 nos. of BUs and 20156 nos. of CUs were taken up. In the process the defective and good EVMs have been segregated.

CHAPTER – IX

9. RAJYA SAINIK BOARD:

The main objective of Rajya Sainik Board, Odisha is to promote measures for welfare and resettlement of the Ex-Servicemen, War Widows, Disabled ESM and families of deceased defence personnel belonging to our State. The board is also entrusted with the responsibility to look after the welfare of the families of serving soldiers of the state. In order to assist in implementing the objectives and various welfare and resettlement measures, eight Zilla Sainik Boards are located at (i) Cuttack, (ii) Dhenkanal, (iii) Sambalpur, (iv) Balasore, (v) Ganjam, (vi) Berhampur, (vii) Kalahandi, (viii) Keonjhar, (viii) Koraput. As on 10 December 2016, the strength of Ex-servicemen in the State of Odisha in 42195 (ESM 38604+ Widows 3591). Achievements of Sainik Board Organisation for the financial year 2016-17 are given in succeeding paragraphs:-

Achievements

During Financial Year 2016-17, Managing Committee Meeting of the Amalgamated Fund was held on 20 October 2016. It was chaired by the Hon'ble Governor of Odisha. The committee decided to increase number of scholarship at plus two level from 90 to 120 as also revising the scholarship

amount to Rs.7500 per annum for Girls where as for Boys it is Rs.6000 per annum. The committee also sanctioned Rs.80 Lacs for repair and renovation of Sainik Board building at Cuttack.

Aims & Objectives for the year 2016-17

3. The following aims and objectives are proposed to be undertaken during the year 2017-18:-
 - (a) Launching of website of the Sainik Board. Once it is launched, all services will be provided on line and Ex-servicemen need not visit our offices.
 - (b) Holding meeting of Rajya Sainik Board is expected to be held. It was last held on 20 August 2007.
 - (c) Construction of Sainik Sadan at Bhubaneswar.

CHAPTER-X

10.1 STATE GUEST HOUSE:

State Guest House, Bhubaneswar has 44 double bedded AC rooms including one VVIP room and 13 VIP rooms. In the year 2015-16, around 436 State Guests and 7968 Official Guests have been accommodated in State Guest House, Bhubaneswar. The total revenue collection for the period from 01.04.2015 to 29.02.2016 is Rs.53, 42, 098.

MAJOR ACHIEVEMENTS:

- Accommodation of composition party of Hon'ble President of India during his visit to Odisha on 7-8 August, 2015.
- Accommodation of composition party of Hon'ble Prime Minister of India during his visit to Odisha on 6-7 February, 2016.
- Hosting of State Parties i.e. swearing in ceremony of Hon'ble Chief Justice of Odisha on 26.02.2016, Senior Level Police Officers Conference.
- 02 rooms i.e. Room No.108 & Room No.112 have been renovated including the Kitchen-cum-Dinning Hall.
- 32" LED TVs have been provided in all rooms of State Guest House, Bhubaneswar.
- LED signage board of State Guest House, Bhubaneswar has been installed.

10.2 ODISHA BHAWAN/ NIWAS, NEW DELHI:

1. Utkal Dibas, 2016 was organized by this office in Satya Sai International Centre in a befitting manner. The function was graced by the Chief Resident Commissioner. Colourful cultural programme and sand art animation were presented in the occasion. An Odia Food Festival was organized which received enthusiastic response from guests.

2. Compilation of briefs received from various Departments of Government of Odisha and circulated amongst Hon'ble Members of Parliament before every session of the Parliament.
3. Coordination of meetings of Hon'ble Chief Minister with Hon'ble Prime Minister of India and Cabinet Ministers.
4. Tracking & Monitoring of all pending cases in Supreme Court of India, High Court of Delhi and other Quasi Judicial Forums in Delhi.
5. Late Katari Jaganath Pradhan an odia worker in Doha, Qatar met with a grievous accident. He was shifted in a critical state from Doha to New Delhi. This office co-originated with Ministry of External Affairs, Health and Family Welfare and Civil Aviation to ensure smooth shifting of Late Pradhan. He was admitted in AIIMS, New Delhi before being shifted to Odisha.
6. Evacuated Odia Workers in Saudi Arabia are being extended all help to return to Odisha. Arrangements for their stay in Odisha Niwas/Sadan and tickets to Odisha are being arranged by this office.
7. Freedom Fighters from Odisha, who visited Rashtrapati Bhawan on invitation of Hon'ble President of India for the "AT HOME" function on 09.08.2016 stayed in Odisha Niwas, New Delhi. All arrangements relating to their stay and visit to Rashtrapati Bhawan were looked after by this office. The Freedom Fighters were also felicitated by the Chief Resident Commissioner, Government of Odisha, New Delhi.
8. This office co-ordinated the participation of Government of Odisha in the Bharat Parv organized by Ministry of Tourism from 12th-18th August 2016 at Rajpath, New Delhi. In association with I&PR and Tourism and Culture Department, this office had put up a grand exhibition on legendary Late Biju Patnaik and the 80th year of State foundation.
9. Government of Odisha participated in Annapoorna-World of Food India organized by FICCI from 22nd to 24th September 2016. Department of Agriculture, MSME and OIEPO participated in the event. Various processed and organic food products were on display in the Odisha Pavilion. The Odisha Pavilion received encouraging response and enthusiastic business queries.
10. OIEPO co-ordinated the participation of VASTRA organized by FICCI in Jaipur on from 20th to 22nd October 2016 to showcase the investment opportunities in Textiles and Apparel sector in Odisha.
11. This office co-ordinated the participation of Government of Odisha in Texcon on 13th and 14th October 2016 at New Delhi. Investment opportunities in Textiles and Apparel Sector in Odisha were explored by visitors during the event.

2. Performance of both cadre and Non cadre prosecutors are reviewed from time to time and steps are being taken to improve the standard of prosecution so as to enhance the rate of conviction. During the year 2016, the rate of conviction of criminal cases has been increased and reached at 67.3%.
3. The Prosecutors have been instructed through the Public Prosecutor of concerned district to follow the guidelines in improving the standard of prosecution.
4. In the 4th National Lok Adalat held on 12.11.2016, this Directorate took initiative in withdrawal of long pending petty cases in which there was remote chance of appearance of accused persons, due to want of correct address pending in different districts of the State. Accordingly, total 154667 nos of cases have been withdrawn in the State.
5. In each and every cases where any information regarding non attendance of the official witnesses in Court is received, this Directorate is making correspondence with their higher authorities and ensure their attendance in the court on the date fixed.
6. All together 125 nos of proposal with the views of Director have been sent to the Advocate General, Odisha, Cuttack for filling of appeal against judgement and order of acquittal during the year 2016.
7. In view of relaxation of experience for recruitment of Assistant Public Prosecutors, this Directorate has formulated to introduce training programme for newly recruited Assistant Public Prosecutors in the Biju Pattnaik Police Academy, Bhubaneswar for a period of two months. Apart from that 190 non of Assistant Public Prosecutors have attended training programme at Biju Pattnaik Police Academy, Bhubaneswar in two batches in the year 2016.
8. This Directorate is also taking appropriate steps on the report of the District level standing committee where the lapses are found on the part of prosecuting officers as reported in the judgement of acquittal.
9. Two Deputy Director Public Prosecutions have been posted at the Southern Zone, Berhampur and the Northern Zone, Sambalpur to monitor the work of Prosecutors of the respective zones.